

Constantine The Emperor

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Constantine the Great - Wikipedia

Constantine I, byname Constantine the Great, Latin in full Flavius Valerius Constantinus, (born February 27, after 280 ce?, Naisus, Moesia [now Nis, Serbia]died May 22, 337, Ancyrona, near Nicomedia, Bithynia [now Izmit, Turkey]), the first Roman emperor to profess Christianity.

Constantine I | Biography, Accomplishments, Death, & Facts ...

The Roman Emperor Constantine (c 280 - 337 A.D.) was one of the most influential personages in ancient history. By adopting Christianity as the religion of the vast Roman Empire, he elevated a once illegal cult to the law of the land. At the Council of Nicea, Constantine the Great settled Christian doctrine for the ages.

Who Was Constantine the Great?

Constantine I was a Roman emperor who ruled early in the 4th century. He was the first Christian emperor and saw the empire begin to become a Christian state. People

Constantine I - Christianity, Life & Death - Biography

Constantine was the first emperor to allow Christians to worship freely, helping to unite and promote the faith. He went on to instigate the celebration of the birth of Christ we call Christmas. In 314, a year after Constantine' s edict on religious tolerance, Eboracum had its first Bishop.

Constantine the Great: History of York

Constantine VI was the only child of Emperor Leo IV and Irene. Constantine was crowned co-emperor by his father in 776, and succeeded as sole emperor in 780, at the age of nine. Due to his minority, Irene and her chief minister Staurakios exercised the regency for him. In 787 Constantine had signed the decrees of the Second Council of Nicaea ...

Constantine VI - Wikipedia

Constantine's decision to cease the persecution of Christians in the Roman Empire was a turning point for early Christianity, sometimes referred to as the Triumph of the Church, the Peace of the Church or the Constantinian shift.In 313, Constantine and Licinius issued the Edict of Milan decriminalizing Christian worship. The emperor became a great patron of the Church and set a precedent for ...

Constantine the Great and Christianity - Wikipedia

Constantine Dragases Palaiologos was born on 8 February 1405 as the fourth son of Emperor Manuel II Palaiologos (r. 1391[]1425), the eighth emperor of the Palaiologos dynasty. Constantine's mother (from whom he took his second last name) was Helena Dragaš, the daughter of Serbian ruler Konstantin Dejanović.Constantine is frequently described as Porphyrogēnētōs ("born in the purple"), a ...

Constantine XI Palaiologos - Wikipedia

Constantine V (Greek: Κωνσταντῖνος, romanized: Konstantinos; July, 718 AD ÷ 14 September 775 AD) was Byzantine emperor from 741 to 775. His reign saw a consolidation of Byzantine security from external threats. As an able military leader, Constantine took advantage of civil war in the Muslim world to make limited offensives on the Arab frontier.

Constantine V - Wikipedia

Emperor Constantine I presents a representation of the city of Constantinople as tribute to an enthroned Mary and Christ Child in this church mosaic, Hagia Sophia , c. 1000 . Another coin struck by Constantine I in 330[]333 to commemorate the foundation of Constantinople and to also reaffirm Rome as the traditional centre of the Roman Empire.

Constantinople - Wikipedia

Constantine became emperor in 306 AD and ruled for 31 years. According to tradition, just before the battle of the Milvian Bridge (Rome) in 312, he experienced a vision of a flaming cross with the inscription "In his sign conquer". As the legends say, he understood it as a sign from the Christian God asking him to convert.

Was the Emperor Constantine a True Christian or Was He a ...

Emperor Constantine (ca A.D. 280-337) reigned over a major transition in the Roman Empireand much more. His acceptance of Christianity and his establishment of an eastern capital city, which...

Constantine|facts and information - Culture

Constantine I was Roman emperor from 306 to 337 CE. Realizing that the Roman Empire was too large for one man to adequately rule, Emperor Diocletian (284-305 CE) split the empire into two, creating a tetrachy or rule of four.

Constantine I - Ancient History Encyclopedia

The Emperor Constantine is undoubtedly one of the most widely discussed figures of antiquity - only Alexander the Great rivals him in the number of books devoted to his study. This is not surprising; as David Potter writes in this one, Constantine was "not only one of the most successful emperors of Rome, but one of history's most influential leaders".

Constantine the Emperor: Amazon.co.uk: Potter, David ...

The Constantine XI Hoard included 35 stavrata of Constantine XI and 24 stavrata of his brother John VIII. The stavraton was introduced (probably) by their grandfather, John V (reigned 1341-1391).

The Last Coins of the Roman Empire

He was born at Naisus, now Nisch in Servia Nis, Serbia --Ed., the son of a Roman officer, Constantius, who later became Roman Emperor, and St. Helena, a woman of humble extraction but remarkable character and unusual ability. The date of his birth is not certain, being given as early as 274 and as late as 288.

CATHOLIC ENCYCLOPEDIA: Constantine the Great

During his absence from the East, and for reasons that remain obscure, Constantine had his eldest son, the deputy emperor Crispus, and his own wife Fausta, Crispus's stepmother, slain. Nor was the visit to Rome a success.

Constantine I - Commitment to Christianity | Britannica

Constantine the Emperor by Potter, David at AbeBooks.co.uk - ISBN 10: 0199755868 - ISBN 13: 9780199755868 - Oxford University Press - 2012 - Hardcover

9780199755868: Constantine the Emperor - AbeBooks - Patter ...

By the time Constantine was 31, he was in line to become emperor of the western empireand more. In the spring of 311, with 40,000 soldiers behind him, Constantine rode toward Rome to confront an...