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Section 26: Compact Spaces A compact space is a space such that every open covering of contains a finite covering of .; If a space is compact in a finer topology then it is compact in a coarser one. If a space is compact in a finer topology and Hausdorff in a coarser one then the topologies are the same.

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topology and the discrete topology. (b). Lemma 1. If (X,T) and (X,T 0) are compact Hausdor? spaces then either T and T 0 are equal or not comparable. Proof. If (X,T) compact and T 0? T then the identity map (X,T) ? (X,T) is a bijective continuous map, hence a homeomorphism, by theorem 26.6. This proves the result. Finally note that the set of topologies on the set X is partially ...

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The Hausdor? condition is necessary in Theorem 26.3. Consider the ?nite complement topology on R (see Example 3 of Section 12) in which the open sets are all sets U for which X \U is either ?nite or is all of X. So the only closed sets are the ?nite sets and R.

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Munkres - Topology - Chapter 3 Solutions Section 24 Problem 24.3. Solution: De ne g: X!R where g(x) = f(x) i R(x) = f(x) xwhere i R is the identity function. Since fand i R are continuous, gis continuous by Theorems 18.2(e) and 21.5. Since Xis connected for all three possibilities given in this problem and R is ordered, the intermediate-value theorem applies. For X= [0;1], observe that g(0) 0 ...